

### Climate Change Centre

14 October 2021

### Overview

- □ Key concepts
- Climate-related and environmental risks in Mauritius
- Climate related and Environmental financial risks:
  - Economic Consequences
  - Translation into Prudential Risks
  - Importance of the financial system
- Bank of Mauritius Climate Change Centre
  - Task Force on Regulation and Supervision
  - Task Force on Monetary Policy
  - Task Force on Sustainable Finance
  - Task Force on Internal Strategy

### **Way Forward**



### Climate-related and Environmental Financial Risk

#### **Climate-related risks:**

- Physical risks Direct consequences of climate change such as *extreme* weather events (flash floods and cyclones) and longer term climatic phenomena such as water scarcity and rise in sea levels.
- □ **Transition risks** Result from *changes in public policy, technology* and *market sentiments* in the transition to a lower carbon and more circular economy.
- □ Environmental risks Financial risks resulting from environmental degradation such as *air pollution, water pollution, land contamination, desertification and biodiversity loss.*



# Climate-related and environmental risk in Mauritius



#### Transition Risks

- Paris Agreement: Abating Greenhouse gas emissions by 30% by 2030
- 60% of energy to be generated from green sources by 2030
- Banning use of plastic bags



# **Economic Consequences**





### Translation into Prudential Risks

	Physical		Transition	
	Climate-related	Environmental	Climate-related	Environmental
	Extreme weather events	Water stress, Resource scarcity,	Policy and regulation Technology	Policy and regulation Technology
	Chronic weather patterns	Biodiversity loss, Pollution	Market sentiment	Market sentiment
Credit Risk	<ul> <li>Physical risk events cause:</li> <li>Reduction in income of households and drop in profits of firms affecting their loan repayment capacity.</li> <li>Damages to physical assets which leads to reduction in value of assets pledged as collaterals.</li> <li>Increased default risk and collateral risk.</li> </ul>		Greener technology can involve substantial outlays and adaptation costs, <b>affecting</b> <b>corporate profitability</b> . More costs, lower profits <b>impact repayment</b> <b>capacity</b> .	
Market Risk	Shifts in market expectations resulting in sudden repricing, higher volatility and losses in asset values.		Abrupt repricing of investment products associated with industries affected by asset stranding/ high carbon prices.	



# Translation into Prudential Risks (2)

	Physical		Transition	
	Climate-related	Environmental	<b>Climate-related</b>	Environmental
	Extreme weather events Chronic weather patterns	Water stress, Resource scarcity, Biodiversity loss, Pollution	Policy and regulation Technology Market sentiment	Policy and regulation Technology Market sentiment
Operational Risk	Disruptions to operations resulting from physical damage to their property, connectivity issues, branches and data centers. Unexpected damage to clients' assets triggering sudden withdrawals to finance repairs.		Changing consumer sentiment leading to <b>reputation and liability risks for banks</b> .	
Liquidity, Business model and Other Risks			Business models may no longer be viable. Value of banks' liquid assets may drop due to repricing/changes in market sentiment.	



### Importance of Financial System





# Climate Change Centre



#### Key objectives

- □ To integrate climate-related and environmental financial risks into the Bank's regulatory, supervisory and monetary policy frameworks;
- □ To review the Bank's internal operations in view of reducing its carbon footprint and becoming a more sustainable organisation;
- □ To look into enhancing disclosures on climaterelated and environmental financial risks;
- □ To support the development of sustainable finance;
- □ To bridge data gaps; and
- To build capacity and raise awareness.



# Task Force on Regulation and Supervision

Composition: The Bank, the Financial Services Commission, the Mauritius Bankers Association, selected banks and selected insurance companies.

- □ Key Objectives:
  - Supporting implementation of risk management framework for financial institutions.
  - □ Bridging data gaps.
  - Developing relevant disclosure requirements.
  - □ Facilitating engagement and awareness among stakeholders including banking and insurance industry.



# Guideline on Climate-related and Environmental Financial Risks

- □ Objective Support financial institutions in integrating climate-related and environmental financial risk considerations into:
  - Business strategy



30 September 2021

Issue of Draft Guideline to Banks and non-banks



### Task Force on Monetary Policy

Composition: Bank Staff

### □ Objectives:

- □ Assess the impact of climate-related developments on monetary policy transmission channels and strategy.
- □ Incorporate climate change considerations into macroeconomic models and forecasting tools.
- □ Integrate climate change considerations into the Bank's investment portfolios.
- Devise key metrics for analysing climate-related risks.



### Task Force on Sustainable Finance

□ Composition: Bank staff and relevant stakeholders.

□ Objective: To support development of sustainable finance in Mauritius.

□ Recent initiatives:

□ June 2021 - Released Guide for the Issue of Sustainable Bonds in Mauritius.

Guide seeks to support issuers, investors and intermediaries in establishing a **domestic sustainable bonds market**.

Guide gives specific requirements for sustainable bonds.
 Process for project evaluation and selection
 Use of proceeds
 Management of proceeds
 Reporting



### Task Force on Internal Strategy

Composition: Bank staff

□ Objectives:

- □ Reduce the Bank's Carbon footprint/Greenhouse gas emissions
- □ Become a more sustainable organisation

□ Initiatives underway:

- Recycling of wooden crates, pallets and boxes obtained from the packages of the new note sorting machines.
- □ Installation of new Chillers (air conditioning system) that have higher Energy Efficiency Rating and use refrigerant gas that are ozone friendly.
- □ Replacement of existing fluorescent lighting fixtures with LED lighting.
- Use of motion detectors to control lighting circuits in fire exit and staircases.



# Way forward

### **Key Challenges**

- Climate-related and environmental events are unpredictable and everchanging.
- Risks tend to occur in the longer term horizon.
- Data limitations

#### Strategy going forward:

- □ Capacity building
- □ Research on transmission channels and risk drivers
- □ Bridging data gaps



# Thank You

