

Table 34a: Consumer Price Index and Inflation Rate: January 2003 - September 2009¹

Month	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
January	78.6	81.7	86.5	91.7	99.7	109.6	115.3
February	78.7	82.0	86.9	92.0	100.5	110.7	115.8
March	78.7	82.0	87.2	92.5	101.4	110.8	116.1
April	78.8	82.2	87.2	92.4	102.4	111.9	116.2
May	79.3	82.5	87.3	92.6	102.9	113.0	116.2
June	79.6	82.9	87.4	94.0	103.4	113.4	117.1
July	80.1	83.8	87.9	96.8	103.7	115.6	117.8
August	80.0	83.9	87.9	97.5	104.1	116.3	117.5
September	80.4	84.2	87.4	98.1	105.3	116.7	117.8
October	80.7	85.4	88.0	98.5	106.8	117.2	
November	80.7	85.4	88.5	99.3	107.6	116.5	
December	81.1	85.7	89.0	99.6	108.2	115.5	
Average	79.7	83.5	87.6	95.4	103.8	113.9	116.6
<i>(Per Cent)</i>							
Year-on-Year Inflation Rate	+3.8	+5.7	+3.9	+11.9	+8.6	+6.7	+0.9²
Headline Inflation Rate	+3.9	+4.7	+4.9	+8.9	+8.8	+9.7	+4.4³

¹This table has been recast to provide CPI data on the same base period, that is, July 2006 to June 2007 = 100

² Year-on-Year Inflation Rate for the period ended September 2009.

³ Headline Inflation Rate for the twelve-month period ended September 2009.

Notes: (i) Year-on-Year inflation rate is computed as the change in the CPI for a given month compared with the same month of the preceding year in percentage terms.

(ii) Headline inflation is measured by comparing the average level of prices, as measured by the CPI, during a twelve-month period with the average level during the corresponding previous twelve-month period.

Source: Central Statistics Office, Government of Mauritius and Statistics Division.