

Introduction

The Bank of Mauritius carried out its **21**st Inflation Expectations Survey in November 2013. From the 50 stakeholders chosen from the financial and real sectors of the economy, 46 responded to the survey. Consequently, the findings are based on these 46 responses.

Findings of the IES

- 1. With respect to how respondents perceived the 3.4 per cent inflation rate for the twelve month ended October 2013, 71.7 per cent of respondents considered this rate as being appropriate while 19.6 per cent of respondents viewed it to be low. Out of total respondents, 8.7 per cent deemed this rate as being high.
- 2. With regard to their best description of the movement of prices over the preceding 12 months, 71.7 per cent of respondents indicated that prices of goods and services had gone up, while 19.6 per cent of respondents were of the opinion that prices had gone down. 8.7 per cent of respondents viewed that prices were unchanged.
- 3. Concerning the three main factors that accounted for the prevailing inflation pattern, *External Factors* were viewed by 71.7 per cent of respondents as accounting for the primary source of inflation in Mauritius. *Change in aggregate demand* was considered by 34.8 per cent of respondents as being the second most important factor. *Change in exchange rates* was regarded by 39.1 per cent of respondents as the third most important factor.
- 4. In relation to movement of prices over the next 12 months, 84.8 per cent of respondents expected prices to go up, while 10.9 per cent of respondents anticipated a decrease in prices. 4.3 per cent of respondents expected that prices would remain unchanged.
- 5. Respondents were also requested to provide their expectations of the rate of inflation for twelve months ending June 2014, a year ahead and December 2014.

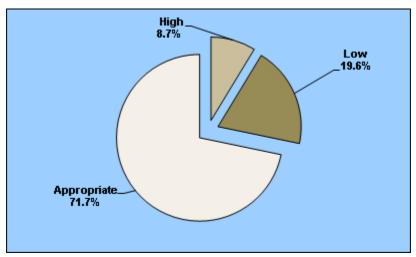
- ➤ <u>June 2014:</u> 76.1 per cent of the respondents were expecting inflation to be less than 4.5% while 23.9 per cent of respondents were expecting inflation to range from 4.5% to 6.5%. None of the respondents were anticipating inflation to be above 6.5%.
- ➤ <u>A year ahead:</u> 50.0 per cent of the respondents were expecting inflation to be lower than 4.5% while another 50.0 per cent of respondents were expecting inflation to be within 4.5% to 6.5%. None of the respondents were anticipating inflation to be above 6.5%.
- ➤ <u>December 2014:</u> 47.8 per cent of the respondents were expecting inflation to be less than 4.5% and 50.0 per cent of respondents were expecting inflation to range from 4.5% to 6.5%. 2.2 per cent of respondents were anticipating inflation to be beyond 6.5%.
- 6. The mean inflation rates expected by respondents were 4.2%, 4.5% and 4.6% respectively, for June 2014, a year ahead and December 2014.

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Statistics Division 06 December 2013

Graphical Representation of Responses

QI.1. Inflation for the twelve-month period ended October 2013 was 3.4 per cent. Do you perceive this rate to be.....?



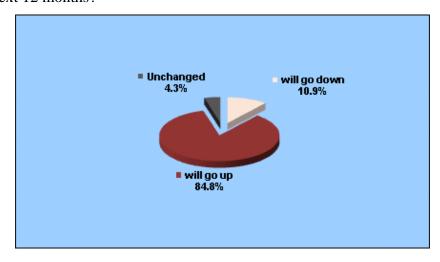
QI.2. Which of the following best describes the movement of prices over the past 12 months?



QI.3. Which of the following factors account for the current inflation pattern? (*Ranking in order of importance starting with 1 for most important*)

	Rank(starting with 1 for most important)		
Factors	1	2	3
Fiscal policy	1	5	4
Monetary policy	0	4	3
Exchange rate	5	14	18
External factors	33	2	6
Wage policy	2	5	3
Change in aggregate demand	5	16	12
Other	Ô	Ó	Ó

QII.1. Which of the following would best describe the movement of prices over the next 12 months?



QII.2 What is your expectation of headline inflation in (a) June 2014, (b) a year ahead and (c) December 2014?

