

## **Core Inflation: January 2020**

The underlying measures of inflation remained subdued in January 2020. On a 12month average period, CORE1 inflation edged down from 0.4 per cent in December 2019 to 0.3 per cent in January 2020, while CORE2 inflation also inched down from 1.8 per cent in December 2019 to 1.7 per cent in January 2020.

Year-on-year, CORE1 inflation rose from 0.1 per cent in December 2019 to 0.3 per cent in January 2020, whereas CORE2 inflation fell from 1.9 per cent in December 2019 to 1.6 per cent in January 2020.

						(Per cent)
	Annual Average			Year-on-Year		
Month	Headline	CORE1	CORE2	<b>CPI Inflation</b>	CORE1	CORE2
Jan-18	4.0	2.4	2.2	6.2	2.9	1.8
Feb-18	4.5	2.5	2.2	7.0	2.7	1.8
Mar-18	5.0	2.5	2.2	6.7	2.1	1.6
Apr-18	5.0	2.6	2.1	3.7	2.2	1.5
May-18	4.7	2.5	2.0	2.4	2.2	1.3
Jun-18	4.3	2.6	1.9	1.0	2.6	1.6
Jul-18	4.0	2.6	1.9	1.7	2.5	1.9
Aug-18	3.7	2.5	1.8	0.9	1.8	1.4
Sep-18	3.5	2.5	1.8	1.9	2.1	1.8
Oct-18	3.5	2.4	1.8	2.8	2.3	2.1
Nov-18	3.4	2.4	1.8	2.8	2.6	2.5
Dec-18	3.2	2.3	1.8	1.8	2.1	2.1
Jan-19	2.8	2.3	1.9	0.5	1.8	2.7
Feb-19	2.1	2.1	1.9	-0.8	1.1	1.9
Mar-19	1.4	2.0	1.9	-1.4	0.9	1.7
Apr-19	1.2	1.9	1.9	0.6	0.6	1.4
May-19	1.0	1.7	1.9	0.8	0.4	1.4
Jun-19	1.0	1.5	1.9	0.6	-0.2	1.4
Jul-19	0.9	1.3	1.8	0.8	-0.2	1.4
Aug-19	1.0	1.1	1.9	1.8	0.3	2.0
Sep-19	0.9	1.0	1.9	1.3	0.2	1.9
Oct-19	0.7	0.8	1.9	0.4	0.1	1.8
Nov-19	0.5	0.6	1.8	0.3	0.1	1.8
Dec-19	0.5	0.4	1.8	0.9	0.1	1.9
Jan-20	0.6	0.3	1.7	2.0	0.3	1.6

## <u>Notes:</u>

**1.** Effective April 2018, Core inflation data are compiled using the new basket of goods and services derived from the 2017 Household Budget Survey.

**2.** CORE1 excludes "Food, Beverages and Tobacco" components and mortgage interest on housing loan from the CPI basket.

**3.** CORE2 excludes food, beverages, tobacco, mortgage interest, energy prices and administered prices from the CPI basket.

**4.** The annual average method compares the average level of prices during a twelvemonth period with the average level during the corresponding previous twelve-month period.

**5.** The year-on-year methodology is computed as the change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for a given month compared with the same month of the preceding year in percentage terms.

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